

Name: _____

- (1) Let $T: V \rightarrow W$ be a linear map between two vector spaces. Show that $\dim(\ker(T)) + \dim(\text{Im}(T)) = \dim(V)$.
- (2) Consider the set of all polynomials in one variable with real coefficients of degree less than or equal to three.
 - (a) Show that this set forms a vector space of dimension four.
 - (b) Find a basis for this vector space.
 - (c) Show that differentiating a polynomial is a linear transformation.
 - (d) Given the basis chosen in part (b), write down the matrix representative of the derivative.
- (3) Denote the vector space of all functions $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ which are infinitely differentiable by $C^\infty(\mathbb{R})$. This space is called the space of smooth functions.
 - (a) Show that $C^\infty(\mathbb{R})$ is infinite dimensional.
 - (b) Show that differentiation is a linear transformation:

$$\frac{d}{dx}: C^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow C^\infty(\mathbb{R}).$$

- (c) For a real number λ , find an eigenvector for $\frac{d}{dx}$ with eigenvalue λ .
- (4) Show that the set M_2 of 2×2 matrices is a vector space.
 - (a) Write down an explicit basis.
 - (b) Show that the set of symmetric matrices is a subspace and find its dimension.
 - (c) Show that the map $A \mapsto A - A^T$ is linear, and write down the matrix for this map using your basis from (a).
 - (d) What is the kernel of this map?