Math 229 Quiz 4a

You may use only Julia or math229.github.io - no other websites.

NAME: Solutions

A

Problem 1. Plot the following functions on the interval $(\pi, 5)$.

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(9x)}{e^x}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{\cos(9x)}{x^3}$$

- a. How many times do the two curves intersect for $\pi < x < 5$?
- b. What is the number of local maxima (peaks) for each function? (Exclude endpoints)

Number of local maxima for g(x) is ______.

Problem 2. Find the minimum point (x-value) for $0 < x < \pi$ for

$$h(x) = 2\cos(x) + \frac{2.4}{(x-\pi)^2}$$

Exact x-value to three (3) decimal places: 1.712

Write your precise Julia commands for both problems below:

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(9x)}{\exp(x)}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{\cos(9x)}{x^{3}}$$

$$pot(Ef(5), \pi, 5)$$

$$h(x) = \frac{2\cos(x) + 2.4}{(x-\pi)^{1}}$$

$$p(t(h, 0, \pi))$$

$$o_{1}^{3}$$

$$e(t)$$

$$1.7915, 1.7920$$

Math 229 Quiz 4b

You may use only Julia or math229.github.io - no other websites.

NAME: Solutions A

Problem 1. Plot the following functions on the interval $(\pi, 5)$.

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(7x)}{e^x} \qquad g(x) = \frac{\cos(7x)}{x^3}$$

- a. How many times do the two curves intersect for $\pi < x < 5$?
- b. What is the number of local maxima (peaks) for each function? (Exclude endpoints)

Number of local maxima for f(x) is ________.

Problem 2. Find the minimum point (x-value) for $0 < x < \pi$ for

$$h(x) = 3\cos(x) + \frac{3.2}{(x-\pi)^2}$$

Exact x-value to three (3) decimal places: 1.831

Write your precise Julia commands to both problems below:

$$f(\pi) = \sin(7\pi) (\exp(\pi)$$

$$g(\pi) = \cos(7\pi) / \pi^{3}$$

$$plot([f_{1}G_{3}], \pi_{1}G_{3})$$

both problems below:

$$h(x) = 3us(x) + 3.2/(x-\pi)^2$$

put (h, o, π)
or $(1.858, 1.859)$