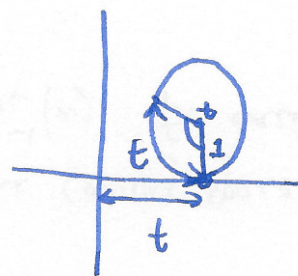
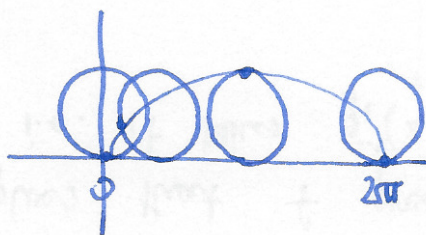


Example cycloid

(51)



$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= t - \sin t & \frac{dx}{dt} &= 1 - \cos t \\ y(t) &= 1 - \cos t & \frac{dy}{dt} &= \sin t \end{aligned}$$

arc length: $\int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{(1 - \cos t)^2 + \sin^2 t} dt = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{1 - 2\cos t + \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t} dt$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{2 - 2\cos t} dt \quad \text{recall: } \cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = 2\cos^2 \theta - 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{4\sin^2 \frac{t}{2}} dt \quad 2\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos 2\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} 2\left|\sin \frac{t}{2}\right| dt = 4 \int_0^{\pi} \sin \frac{t}{2} dt = 4 \left[-2\cos \frac{t}{2} \right]_0^{\pi} = 8(0+1) = 8$$

speed

$c(t) = (x(t), y(t))$

$$\text{speed} = \frac{d}{dt} (\text{arc length}) = \frac{d}{dt} \int_0^t \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt = \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2}$$

Example ① $c(t) = (t, t^2)$ $x(t) = t$ $\frac{dx}{dt} = 1$ $y(t) = t^2$ $\frac{dy}{dt} = 2t$ $\text{speed} = \sqrt{1 + 4t^2}$

Example ② $c(t) = (R\cos \omega t, R\sin \omega t)$

$$c'(t) = (-\omega R \sin \omega t, \omega R \cos \omega t)$$

$\|c'(t)\| = \sqrt{R^2 \sin^2 \omega t + R^2 \cos^2 \omega t} = R\omega$
speed

