

Conte, Spring '15

1-5 pts 2-8 12 pts

FINAL EXAM A

MATH 233

1. Given the vectors  $\mathbf{u}=(2, 1, -2)$   $\mathbf{v}=(0, 1, 1)$  and  $\mathbf{w}=(4, 0, -2)$  answer each of the following

a) Simplify the linear combination  $3\mathbf{u}-\mathbf{v}-5\mathbf{w}$

b) Find the vector of length 5 in the opposite direction of  $\mathbf{w}$

c) Find the volume of the parallelepiped spanned by the 3 vectors

2. For the vector valued function  $\mathbf{r}(t) = (\cos 4t, \sin 4t, 9t)$  answer each of the following:

a) The equation of the tangent line to the curve at the point determined by  $t = \pi/2$ .

b) Find the arc-length parametrization of the curve.

3. Find the equation of the tangent plan to the surface parametrized by  $\Phi(u, v) = (9u^2 - 4v^2, 3u + 2v, 3u - 2v)$  at  $(2, 1)$  (use the back of the page)

4. Let  $\mathbf{F} = (2x \ln y + e^z, \frac{x^2}{y}, xe^z)$  and  $V(x, y, z) = x^2 \ln y + xe^z$

a) Verify that  $\mathbf{F} = \nabla V$

b) Evaluate the line integral of  $\mathbf{F}$  over the path  $c(t) = (t + 1, e^t, t^2)$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 2$

5. Use the Divergence Theorem to evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint F \cdot dS$$

Where  $S$  is the boundary of the cube  $0 \leq x, y, z \leq 6$  and  $\mathbf{F} = (z^2, 3y, z^3)$  (Use the back of the page)

6. Use Green's Theorem to compute the line integral  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$  where  $\mathbf{F} = (2xy, x + 10)$  where  $C$  is the boundary of the triangle with vertices  $(0,0)$ ,  $(5,0)$  and  $(5,3)$ .

7. Evaluate the integral of the function  $f(x, y, z) = xy^2 - z$  over the region  $1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$ ,  $x \geq 0$ ,  $0 \leq z \leq 4$  (Hint: use cylindrical coordinates!).

8. Find the critical point of  $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 + 8x + e^{y^2-10y}$ . Use the 2nd derivative test to determine ~~if~~ what kind or if the test is inconclusive.