Math 229 Calculus Computer Lab Spring 16 Sample Midterm 2

- You may only use julia during this exam. No calculators or cell phones.
- (1) Convert the following julia expressions to standard mathematical expressions. Use parentheses to clearly indicate the order of operations:
 - (a) a+b/(b-1)
 - (b) $\cos(1/2x)^2/2*x$
 - (c) (y-x)/2z+3
- (2) Find the location of the local minima of $f(x) = 1/x + e^{x/3}$ in $[0, \infty)$ to two decimal places.
- (3) Find all solutions (to 3 decimal places) to the equation $11\sin(2x) = -5x+200$. Write down the julia command you use.
- (4) Write julia commands to find the zeros of $f(x) = x^2 4x + 4$ using
 - (a) roots
 - (b) fzeros
 - (c) The bisection method fzero

The last one doesn't work - explain why.

- (5) Let $f(x) = \sin(1/x)$.
 - (a) How many solutions to f(x) = 0 does fzeros find in the interval [0.05, 1]?
 - (b) Find all solutions to f(x) = 0 by hand. How many solutions are there in the interval [0.05, 1]?
- (6) Consider the equation $e^{x/2} = 3/x$.

- (a) Show there is a solution by plotting the graphs of these functions. List the commands you use.
- (b) Write julia commands to find a numerical approximation to the solution, and find the solution.
- (7) In julia set f(x) = x + 1 x. Then run plot(f,-10.0^17, 10.0^7). Do you notice anything strange about the output?
- (8) Use julia to estimate $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(3x)}{2x\cos(x)}$.
- (9) You wish to estimate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos(3x) - e^{x^2/2}}{x^2}.$$

Write julia commands to generate a list of numbers $\{10^{-1}, 10^{-2}, \ldots, 10^{-10}\}$. Evaluate the function when x takes these values, and write down your results. What do you think the limit is? Explain julia's output.