Calculus I (Math 231) Exam 1

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Justify answers and show all work for full credit.

NAME:

Problem 1. Compute these limits. For an infinite limit, write $+\infty$ or $-\infty$. Otherwise, if a limit does not exist (DNE), you must justify. Show all work!

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x^2 - 4x}{x^2 - 3x - 4}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{1+x}-1}{x}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{2 - |x|}{2 + x}$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{|x|} \right)$$

Problem 2. Compute and explain these limits. For an infinite limit, write $+\infty$ or $-\infty$. You must justify – show all work!

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(7x)}{3x}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} x^2 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{x}\right)$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

(Bonus) Suppose $2x - 1 \le f(x) \le x^2$ for 0 < x < 3. Find $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x)$.

Problem 3. Compute and explain these limits. For an infinite limit, write $+\infty$ or $-\infty$. You must justify – show all work!

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2x^3 + 4x + 1}{5x - 3x^2}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(x+2)^2}{1+3x^2}$$

Problem 4. Determine whether the function f(x) is continuous at x = 2.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{6}{x} & 0 < x \le 2\\ x^2 - \cos(\pi x) & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Problem 5. For what value of the constant c is g(x) everywhere continuous?

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} cx^2 + 2x & x < 2\\ \\ x^3 - cx & x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$