

Homework 4

Topology, Math 441, Spring 2020

Topic: Closed sets and limit points

Extended Due Date: Friday March 11th, 2020



Reading: Pages 29-33 from Chapter 3 of the text book.

Problems:

- For a topological space X with a basis for its topology, we gave a characterization of open sets defined in terms of basis open sets. For any $x \in X$ we define a **neighbourhood of x** to be any open set containing x . Show that a set $U \subset X$ is open if and only if every point $x \in U$ has a neighbourhood contained in U .
- Prove that the following subsets are closed.
 - $\mathbb{Z} \subset \mathbb{R}$.
 - $A = \{1/n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{0\} \subset \mathbb{R}$.
 - A closed rectangle $[a, b] \times [c, d] \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ (Hint: use the fact that open rectangles are basis open sets for topology on \mathbb{R}^2).
 - The $(n - 1)$ -dimensional sphere $S^{n-1} = \{\bar{x} \mid d(\bar{x}, \bar{0}) = 1\} \subset \mathbb{R}^n$.
 - $[a, b) \subset \mathbb{R}_\ell$ i.e. \mathbb{R} with lower limit topology.
- Prove that $\mathbb{Q} \subset \mathbb{R}$ is neither closed nor open.
- Find the closures of the following sets.
 - $(0, 1] \subset \mathbb{R}_\ell$ i.e. \mathbb{R} with lower limit topology.
 - $\mathbb{Q} \subset \mathbb{R}$.
- Let X be a topological space.
 - Prove that if $A \subset B$ then $\text{Cl}(A) \subset \text{Cl}(B)$.
 - $A \subset X$. Prove that $\text{Cl}(X - A) = X - \text{Int}(A)$.

Handin: 1, 2bce, 3, 4b, 5b