MTH 700 Topology I, Fall 12, HW6

(1) A sequence of abelian groups and homomorphisms is *exact* if the image of one map is the kernel of the next. (i.e. a chain with trivial homology).

For each of the following exact sequences of abelian groups and homomorpohisms, say as much as you can about the unknown group G, and/or the unknown homomorphism α .

- (a) $0 \to \mathbb{Z}/2 \to G \to \mathbb{Z} \to 0$
- (b) $0 \to \mathbb{Z} \to G \to \mathbb{Z}/2 \to 0$
- (c) $0 \to \mathbb{Z} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}/2 \to 0$
- (d) $0 \to G \xrightarrow{\alpha} \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}/2 \to 0$
- (e) $0 \to \mathbb{Z}/3 \to G \to \mathbb{Z}/2 \to \mathbb{Z} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \mathbb{Z} \to 0$
- (2) Hatcher p132 Section 2.1 Q14.
- (3) Hatcher p131 Section 2.1 Q4.
- (4) Hatcher p131 Section 2.1 Q5.