Calculus III (Math 233) Exam 2

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Justify answers and show all work for full credit.

NAME:

Problem 1. A particle starts at location $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ with initial velocity $3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}$. Its acceleration is $\mathbf{a}(t) = 6t\mathbf{i} + 12t^2\mathbf{j} - 6\mathbf{k}$. Find the location of the particle at t = 2.

Problem 2. On a flat table 4 ft high, a ball rolls with a speed of 3 ft/sec. If the ball rolls off, how far away from the table does it land?

Problem 3. The position of a particle is $\mathbf{r}(t) = e^t \mathbf{i} + \sqrt{2} t \mathbf{j} + e^{-t} \mathbf{k}$.

- (a) Show that the speed of the particle at time t is $e^t + e^{-t}$.
- (b) Find the unit tangent vector $\mathbf{T}(t)$.
- (c) Find the tangential component of the acceleration.
- (d) Find the normal component of the acceleration.
- (e) Find the total distance travelled by the particle for $1 \le t \le 3$.

Problem 4. A string in the shape of a helix has a height of 15 cm and makes three full rotations over a circle of radius 4 cm.

- (a) Find a parametrization $\mathbf{r}(t)$ for the string.
- (b) Compute the length of the string.

Problem 5. Show that if $||\mathbf{r}(t)|| = c$ then $\mathbf{r}(t) \perp \mathbf{r}'(t)$.

Problem 6. Show that the curvature of a straight line in space at every point is 0.

Problem 7. (Bonus)

Show that if $\mathbf{r}(s)$ is parametrized by arclength then $\mathbf{a}(s) \cdot \mathbf{v}(s) = 0$.